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## الشكر والتقدير

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48	(Simple Regression Analysis)	.11
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## **Abstract**

### **Authoritarian personality and its relationship with recidivism in the institutions of juveniles Care in Jordan**

**Anwer kallef Al-Obissat**

**Mu'tah University, 2007**

This study aims at knowing the Authoritarian personality of juveniles and its relationship with the phenomenon of juvenile's recidivism in the Jordanian society. This study covered all convicted and registered delinquents in the institutions of care in Jordan, and their size reached 189 delinquents

In order to execute the study, a especial questionnaire was designed. It consisted of two parts in which the first part included the demographic variables such as age, educational level of the delinquent, family size, family monthly income, place of residence Parents level of education, profession of the delinquent before incarceration, religion, Parents work, fathers work, and the second part included questions measuring the Authoritarian personality and recidivism.

The study reveled the following results: there are significant relationship between Authoritarian personality and recidivism, place of residence (urban) and Authoritarian personality, demographic variables (age, delinquents level of education, religion, place of residence, Profession before incarceration, monthly family income, and family size), and recidivism, and also, the study didn't find significant relationship between the following demographic variables (age, delinquent's level of education , religion father's profession, mothers, profession fathers , work, mothers work and authoritarian personality , profession before incarceration ), and finally, the study presented some recommendations

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(Van & Mervielde, 2005).

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(Persona logy)

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## Persona

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.(Dovidio, J., 1982 ) .

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Sanguine -1

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Melancholic -2

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Choleric -3

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Slowness : -4

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Maragraf & )

.( 47:Schneider, 1994

Experience

.(97-89 :2000 ).

Dimensional

classificatory

.(Moeller,1994,:7)

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## Authoritarianism

(Ven, 1989)

(Van & Mervielde, 2005)

(Ilse, 2006)

(Henry , 1994)

Wrightsman

.(Wirightsman, L., 1994)

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.(Dovidio, J., 1982 )

(Peterson & Richard, 1993)

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.(Peterson., Emily, 2005)

Intolerance of ambiguity

(Scheepers, et.al 1990)

Self-esteem

(Altemeyer, 1998)

(Heaven, & Bucci, 2001)

(Leak, & Randall,1995)

.(Tibon & Blumberg, 1999)

Lewin

.(81 1980 )

( Fromm,1941)

.(Fromm , 1941)

anti-Semitism

(Whitley, 1999) Ethnocentrism

Whitley & )

(Aegisdottir, 2000

.(Whitley & Lee, 2000)

**Adorno et.al.**

(Adorno, T., 1950)

.(Adorno, T., 1950, P.5)

(Adorno, T.,1950,P.234)

.(Peterson ,et.al, 1997).

.(Adrono et,al, 1950).

## **Rokeach**

.(Rokeach, 1954).

.(Lippa & Arad, 1999)

Closed-Mind

Opened-mind

Isolation

differentiation

.(Lippa, & Arad, 1999)

.(Rokeach.,1972) .

.(Rokeach, 1954)

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: **Harvey**



.(Harvey,1967) .

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.(Rokeach , 1972)

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(Barlow, 1981, p 459 – 461).

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(Barlow, 1981, p: 460).

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(Ilse, 2006)

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(Van & Mervielde, 2005)

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(Peterson &., Emily, 2005)

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(Hoy, 2003)

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Subordinate- Superordinate

.Super ordinate

(Whitley& Aegisdottir, 2000)

(677)

(178)

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(Lippa& Arad, 1999)

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(Altemeyer, 1998)

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(Leak & Randall, 1991)

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(Ray , 1984)

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(Minor & James & Crissy 2003)

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( Gordon & Weldon, 2003)

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%6.71

%26

( Spohn & Holleran, 2002)

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( 34-25)

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 (%81)  
 (%38)  
 (%84)  
 (%25) (%13)  
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( Maguire, 1998)

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. ( Howells & Day 1999 )  
( Doris Layton 1997)

Howells & Day      ).%50

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( Losel 1996)

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( Anderson, 1995)



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( Hall 1995)

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(Lewis, 1986)

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43-23 (%83)

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(Van & Mervielde, 2005) ,(Ilse, 2006)

(Hoy, 2003)

(Whitley& Aegisdottir, 2000)

(1980 )

(Minor & James & Crissy 2003)

( Gordon & Weldon, 2003)

( Spohn & Holleran, 2002)

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%60.32	114	(5000)
%39.68	75	(5000)
%89.42	169	
%10.58	20	
%38.62	73	
%33.86	64	—
%27.51	52	
%28.04	53	
%56.08	106	
%15.87	30	
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(1)

(%60.32)

. (%39.68)

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(%38.62)

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1,37	14,72
2.22	5.93

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(14.72)

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%		%	
%42,9	81	%14,8	28
%31,7	60	%31,2	59
%23,3	44	%47,1	89
%2,1	4	%6,9	13
100	189	100	189

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(%58.7)

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%		%	
%13,8	26	%41,3	78
%86,2	163	%58,7	111
100	189	100	189

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-101) (%55) ( 100 )  
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%55,0	104	100
%19,6	37	200-101
%7,4	14	300-201
%11,6	22	400-301
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100	189	

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%26.46	50	%73.54	139
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(6)

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%		%		%		%	
%6.47	9	%12.23	17	%25.18	35	%56.12	78

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%16.93	32	%32.28	61	%50.79	96

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%41.80	79	(            )
%32.80	62	
%15.34	29	
%10.05	19	
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(%41.80)		
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Ilse, )	(2006 )	
:	(Hoy, 2003)	(2006
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		.(15-12)
(35-16)		<b>.3</b>
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(Cronbach Alpha )		

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: (SPSS)  
 (Descriptiv Statistic Measures)

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.(0.90-0.86)

(Descriptive Statistic Measures)

(<sup>2</sup> )

(One Way Anova) .  
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0.94	2.98
0.93	2.91
0.89	3.01
0.92	3.44
0.98	3.52
0.87	3.95
0.82	4.26
0.95	3.94
0.62	3.59
0.54	3.64
0.52	3.61
0.56	3.60
0.58	3.62
0.51	3.61
1.00	3.55
1.04	2.87
0.99	2.64
0.99	3.61
0.62	3.59
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0.63	3.47

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0.027	0.199	10.948	.
0.034	0.186	13.654	
0.001	0.239	23.495	
0.000	0.284	29.211	
0.005	0.216	18.781	
0.000	0.325	25.310	
0.000	0.318	28.110	
0.943	0.021	3.456	
0.599	0.045	1.024	
0.000	0.352	24.744	
0.010	0.226	11.332	
0.000	0.255	16.907	
0.000	0.366	32.911	
0.000	0.389	31.284	
0.000	0.423	51.196	
0.006	0.223	12.515	
0.003	0.229	11.333	
0.000	0.333	22.630	
0.000	0.305	20.264	
0.000	0.358	28.488	
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0.000	*7.27	3.072 0.422	3.07 232.71
0.159	1.654	0.703 0.425	2.812 232.965
0.000	*7.89	3.250 0.412	9.750 226.028
0.104	1.986	1.5205 0.369	3.041 202.737
0.225	1.457	0.641 0.440	1.923 241.504
0.246	1.679	0.245 0.431	1.019 236.407
0.113	1.886	1.142 0.436	3.426 240.001
0.563	1.118	0.542 0.422	1.627 231.800

(0.01 =  $\alpha$ )

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0.63	3.69	114
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0.70	3.52	75
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(12)

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(1.654)

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(7.89)

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right) \quad \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right) \\
 & (3.84) \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right) \\
 & (3.48) \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right) \\
 & . \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right) \quad \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } - \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right) \\
 & (3.81) \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } - \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right) \quad \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right) \\
 & (3.48) \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right) \\
 & . \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{ } - \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

(14)

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*0.36	*0.33	-	3.48	
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-	-	-	3.84	
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(0.05 = $\alpha$ )				

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( $\alpha \geq 0.01$ )

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0.000 \*0.378

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(0.01 =  $\alpha$ )

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0.000	0.264	33.945
0.000	0.395	33.160
0.000	0.244	20.249
0.126	0.095	4.150
0.000	0.163	18.838
0.000	0.158	13.615
0.000	0.160	15.062
0.247	0.107	4.133
0.100	0.147	4.614
0.424	0.082	2.799
0.256	0.089	4.050

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(16)  
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( $\alpha \geq 0.05$ )

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.(0.90-0.86)

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		.( $\alpha \geq 0.05$ )	
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	(%89.42)		
		.(%10.58)	
(%38.62)			
	(%33.86)	—	
	.(%27.51)		
	(%28.04)	(%56.08)	
	.(%27.51)		
			.2
	(%31.2)	(%47.1)	
		(%14.8)	
		(%42.9)	
	(%23.3)	(%31.7)	
	.(%2.1)		
(%58.7)			.3
.	(%86.2)		
		(%26.46)	.4
		(%73.54)	
	.		

		(%56.12)	.5
(%12.23)		(%25.18)	
	(%6.47)		
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(%32.28)		(%50.79)	.6
	(%16.93)		
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(%32.80)		(%41.80)	.7
	(%15.34)		
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(Ilse, 2006)

(Peterson &. Emily, 2005)

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 %62 (2001 )  
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